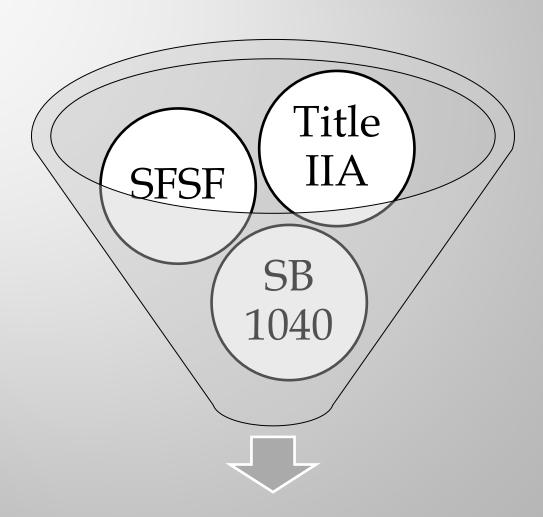
ARIZONA FRAMEWORK FOR MEASURING EDUCATOR EFFECTIVENESS

Designing Comprehensive Evaluation Systems:

Summit I: Using Multiple Measures in a Comprehensive System to Improve Teaching and Learning

Dr. Karen Butterfield, Associate Superintendent Jan Amator, Deputy Associate Superintendant Highly Effective Teachers and Leaders Arizona Department of Education

The Transition to Effectiveness



Educator Effectiveness

Key Points to Think About

- SB 1040/33-50%
- Equitable Distribution of Teachers
- 4 performance levels
- Valid, reliable assessments
- Multiple Measures
- Group A, Group B Teachers
- Title II Guidance

ARIZONA REVISED STATUTE § 15-203(A)(38)

The State Board of Education shall..." on or before December 15, 2011 adopt and maintain a model framework for a teacher and principal evaluation instrument that includes quantitative data on student academic progress that accounts for between thirty-three percent and fifty per cent of the evaluation outcomes and best practices for professional development and evaluator training. School districts and charter schools shall use an instrument that meets the data requirements established by the State Board of Education to annually evaluate individual teachers and principals beginning in school year 2012 - 2013."

Taskforce Members

VICKI BALENTINE, Chairperson Arizona State Board of Education member, District Superintendent

TIM BOYD, STAND for Children, high school teacher

CHRISTI BURDETTE, charter school teacher

KAREN BUTTERFIELD, Arizona Department of Education (ADE)

DON COVEY, Maricopa County School Superintendent

GYPSY DENZINE, Northern Arizona University

DEB DUVALL, Arizona School Administrators (ASA)

REBECCA GAU, Governor's Office

AMY HAMILTON, Arizona State Board of Education member, District Teacher

DAVE HOWELL, Arizona Business and Education Coalition (ABEC)

MARI KOERNER, Arizona State University

RON MARX, University of Arizona

WENDY MILLER, charter school principal

ANDREW MORRILL, Arizona Education Association (AEA)

KARI NEUMANN, district principal

KAREN OLSON, special education teacher

JANICE PALMER, Arizona School Board Association (ASBA)

KARLA PHILLIPS, Governor's Office

PREAMBLE

The members of the Task Force on Teacher and Principal Evaluation conducted our work in service to the students in Arizona's public schools. We hold that the goal of both teacher and principal evaluation is to improve performance that yields higher quality education. Further, the work here submitted reflects our belief that evaluation is most effective as one part of a systemic approach to improving the performance that is critical to student success.

TIMELINE/STRUCTURE

The Taskforce held a series of informational meetings from October 2010 through January 2011 to review the:

- Arizona Professional Teaching Standards
- Interstate School Leaders Licensure Consortium (ISSLC) Standards;
- State level data available in the Student Accountability Information System (SAIS);
- Research overview on Value Added and Growth Models;
- Inventory of Arizona academic assessments;
- Existing models for teacher and principal evaluations;
- Recommendations from the Arizona School Administrators and Arizona School Boards Association Task Force.

The Taskforce began drafting the framework document in January, 2011

The State Board of Education adopted the framework on **April 25, 2011**

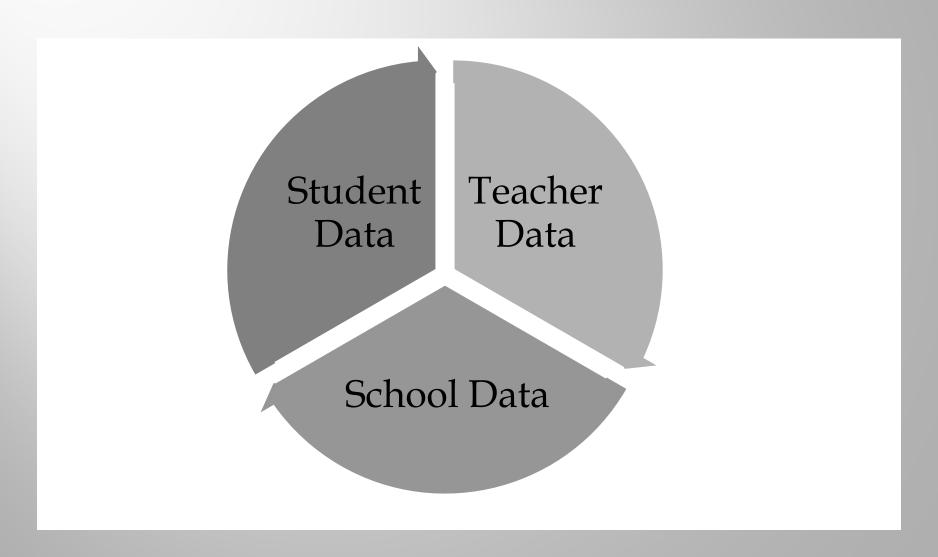
GOALS

- To enhance and improve student learning;
- To use the evaluation process and data to improve teacher and principal performance;
- To incorporate multiple measurements of achievement;
- To communicate clearly defined expectations;
- To allow districts and charter schools to use local instruments to fulfill the requirements of the framework;
- To reflect fairness, flexibility, and a research-based approach.

GOALS--CONTINUED

- To create a culture where data drives instructional decisions;
- To use the evaluation process and achievement data to drive professional development to enhance student performance;
- To increase data-informed decision making for students and teacher and principal evaluations fostering school cultures where student learning and progress is a continual part of redefining goals for all.

Data Driven Decision Making 2.0



Framework for Teacher Evaluation Instruments—Group A

	Classroom-level Data	School-Level Data	Teaching Performance
GROUP "A"	• AIMS	AIMS (aggregate school,	Evaluation instruments
(Teachers with	• Stanford 10 (SAT 10)	grade, or team level	shall provide for periodic
available	• AP, IB, Cambridge,	results)	classroom observations of
classroom-level	ACT, Quality Core	• Stanford 10 (aggregate	all teachers.
student	• District/Charter-Wide	school, department or	
achievement data	Assessments	grade level results)	LEAs may develop their
that are valid and	• District / School-level	• AP, IB, Cambridge, ACT,	own rubrics for this
reliable, aligned to	Benchmark Assess-	Quality Core (aggregate	portion of teacher
Arizona's	ments, aligned with	school, department or	evaluations; however,
academic	Arizona State	grade level results)	these rubrics shall be
standards, and	Standards	• Survey data	based upon national
appropriate to	• Other valid and reliable	• AZ LEARNS Profiles	standards, as approved by
individual	classroom- level data	Other valid and reliable	the State Board of
teachers' content		school-level data	Education.
areas)			
	<u>Required</u>	<u>Optional</u>	<u>Required</u>
	Classroom-level elements	School-level elements shall	Teaching Performance
	shall account for at least	account for no more than	results shall account for
	33% of evaluation	17% of evaluation outcomes.	between 50 - 67% of
	outcomes.		evaluation outcomes.

Framework for Teacher Evaluation Instruments—Group B

	Classroom-level Data	School-Level Data	Teaching Performance
GROUP "B"	• District / School Level	AIMS (aggregate School,	Evaluation instruments
(Teachers with	Benchmark Assess-	grade, or Team-level	shall provide for
limited or no	ments, aligned with	results)	periodic classroom
available	Arizona State	• Stanford 10 (aggregate	observations of all
classroom-level	Standards	school, department or	teachers.
student	• District/Charter-wide	grade level results)	
achievement data	Assessments, if	• AP, IB, Cambridge, ACT,	LEAs may develop their
that are valid and	available	Quality Core (aggregate	own rubrics for this
reliable, aligned	Other valid and	school, department or	portion of teacher
to Arizona's	reliable classroom-	grade- level results)	evaluations; however,
academic	level data	Survey data	these rubrics shall be
standards, and		• AZ LEARNS Profiles	based upon national
appropriate to	If available, these data	• Other valid and reliable	standards, as approved
individual	shall be incorporated	school-level data	by the State Board of
teachers' content	into the evaluation		Education.
areas.)	instrument. The sum of	<u>Required</u>	
	available classroom-	The sum of available	
	level data and school-	school-level data and	<u>Required</u>
	level data shall account	classroom-level data shall	Teaching Performance
	for between 33% and	account for between 33%	results shall account for
	50% of evaluation	and 50% of evaluation	between 50 - 67% of
	outcomes.	outcomes.	evaluation outcomes.

SAMPLE WEIGHTING GROUP "A"

Sample 1:

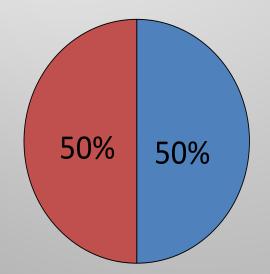
- **33% Classroom-level data**
- **■** 17% School-level data
- **■** 50% Teaching Performance

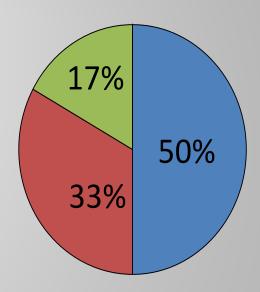
Sample 2:

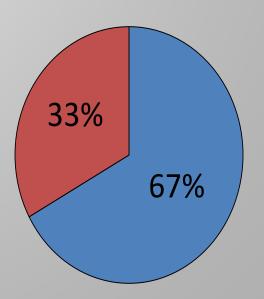
- **■** 50% Classroom-level data
- **■** 50% Teaching Performance

Sample 3:

- **■** 33% Classroom-level data
- **■** 67% Teaching Performance







SAMPLE WEIGHTING GROUP "B"

Sample 1:

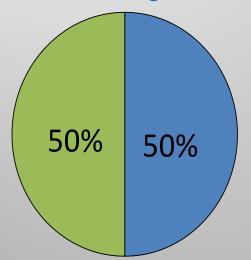
- **17% Classroom-level data**
- **■** 33% School-level data
- **■** 50% Teaching Performance

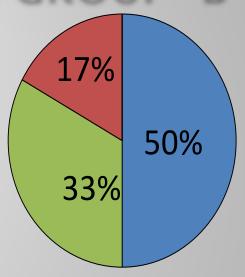
Sample 2:

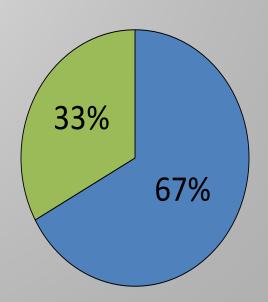
- 50% School-level data
- **■** 50% Teaching Performance

Sample 3:

- 33% School-level data
- **■** 67% Teaching Performance







InTASC Professional Teaching Standards (Teaching Performance)

1. Learner Development	2. Learning Differences
3. Learning Environments	4. Content Knowledge
5. Innovative Applications of Content	6. Assessment
7. Planning Instruction	8. Instructional Strategies
9. Reflection and Continual Growth	10. Collaboration

Framework for Principal Evaluation Instruments

	School-Level Data	System / Program level Data	Instructional Leadership
ALL PRINCIPALS	 AIMS (aggregate school or grade level results) Stanford 10 (aggregate school or grade level results) District/School Level Benchmark Assessments AP, IB Cambridge International, ACT 	 Grade level data Subject area data Program data Other valid and reliable data 	Evaluation instruments shall provide for periodic performance reviews of all principals. LEAs may develop their own rubrics for this portion of principal evaluations; however,
	Quality Core • AZ LEARNS Profiles • Other valid and reliable data Required School-level elements shall account for at least 33% of evaluation outcomes.	Optional These elements shall account for no more than 17% of evaluation outcomes; however, the sum of these data and school-level data shall not exceed 50% of the total evaluation outcome	these rubrics shall be based upon National standards, as approved by the State Board of Education. Required Instructional Leadership results shall account for no more than 50 - 67% of evaluation outcomes.

SAMPLE WEIGHTING PRINCIPAL EVALUATIONS

Sample 1:

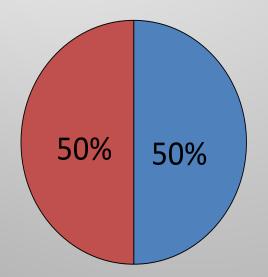
- 33% School-level data
- **17% System/School-level data**
- **■** 50% Instructional leadership

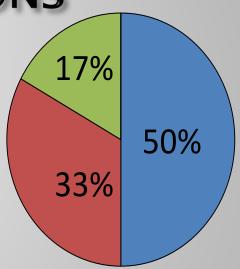
Sample 2:

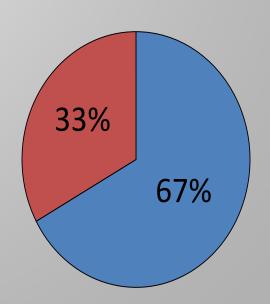
- **■** 50% School-level data
- **■** 50% Instructional leadership

Sample 3:

- **■** 33% School-level data
- 67% Instructional leadership







ISLLC Educational Leadership Standards (Instructional Leadership)

Standard 1: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by facilitating the <u>development, articulation, implementation, and stewardship of a vision of learning</u> that is shared and supported by the school community.

Standard 2: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by <u>advocating, nurturing, and sustaining a school culture and instructional program conducive to <u>student learning and staff professional growth</u>.</u>

Standard 3: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by ensuring <u>management of the organization, operations, and resources for a safe, efficient, and <u>effective learning environment</u>.</u>

Standard 4: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by **collaborating with families and community members, responding to diverse community interests and needs, and mobilizing community resources.**

Standard 5: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by <u>acting with integrity, fairness, and in an ethical manner</u>.

Standard 6: A school administrator is an educational leader who promotes the success of all students by <u>understand</u>, <u>responding to</u>, <u>and influencing the larger political</u>, <u>social</u>, <u>economic</u>, <u>legal</u>, <u>and cultural context</u>.

Instructions & Recommendations to LEAs

- When available, <u>data from statewide assessments shall be used</u> to inform the evaluation process.
- All assessment data used in educator evaluations **shall be aligned with Arizona State Standards**.
- LEAs shall <u>include student achievement data for reading and/or math as appropriate</u>; however, student achievement data <u>should not be strictly limited to these content areas</u>.
- Evaluation instruments should <u>integrate student academic progress data with data derived</u> <u>through classroom observations</u> – neither should stand alone.
- All evaluators should receive professional development in the form of <u>Qualified Evaluator</u>
 <u>Training.</u>
- LEAs should <u>provide for the development of classroom-level achievement data</u> for teachers in those content areas where these data are limited or do not currently exist so that all teachers use the Group A framework.
- LEAs should <u>develop and provide professional development on the evaluation process</u> and in those areas articulated in Arizona's Professional Teaching and Administrative Standards, as approved by the State Board of Education.

Federal Reporting Requirements

Each state must report annually to EdFacts:

- <u>Total</u> number of teachers and principals at each of these performance levels
 - Highly Effective
 - Effective
 - Partially Effective
 - Ineffective
- While evaluation data will be collected in the aggregate at the school level for teachers and the district level for principals, only schools/LEAs with 10 or more teachers will be reported to the US Department of Education
- Only aggregate school, LEA, and state-level data will be made publically available as required by the SFSF application.

http://www.azed.gov/highly-qualified-professionals/teacherprincipal-evaluation/





A Practical Guide to Designing Comprehensive **Teacher Evaluation** Systems

A Tool to Assist in the Development of Teacher **Evaluation Systems**

MAY 2011

Feedback

Helping you implement of the Framework is our primary goal. Therefore, your feedback is very much appreciated

For feedback and/or questions, please email:
 EducatorEvaluation@azed.gov

Contacts

Vince Yanez, Executive Director State Board of Education 602.542.5057

vince.yanez@azed.gov

Dr. Karen Butterfield, Associate Superintendent Highly Effective Teachers and Leaders 602-364-1957

karen.butterfield@azed.gov

Jan Amator, Deputy Associate Superintendent Educator Excellence Section 602-364-2294

jan.amator@azed.gov